

Brazilian Laws

The Penal Code

Feminicide

In addition to punishing all forms of aggression, it introduces the crime of feminicide. The law considers feminicide when the murder involves domestic and family violence, contempt or discrimination against the victim's condition as a woman. It is a qualifying factor in the crime of homicide.

In case of violence against women you can call:

190 in case of emergency

180 to provide a qualified listening and welcoming service for women in situations of violence

LGBT

Homophobia can be defined as an aversion, repugnance, fear, hatred or prejudice that some people harbor against gay, lesbian, bisexual, and transgender people. Homophobic acts are punishable. Brazil does not criminalize homosexuality or transgender people for manifesting their gender. Marriage and stable union between people of the same sex is guaranteed right. Just like racist practices, discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity is now a non-bailed, imprescriptible crime.

Children

Child and Adolescent Statute- Law n° 8.069/1990

This law aims to protect the rights of children and adolescents. The rights apply to all children and adolescents, regardless of birth, family status, sex, race, ethnicity, color, religion, disability, economic status and social environment. They can't be subjected to any form of neglect, discrimination, exploitation, violence, cruelty and oppression.

Elderly

Statute for the Elderly- Law n° 10.741/2003

This law regulates the rights assured to persons aged 60 or more. Article 3° The family, the community, the society, and the public authorities are obligated to assure to the aged person, with absolute priority, the accomplishment of the right to life, to health, to feeding, to education, to culture, to sports, to leisure, to work, to citizenship, to liberty, to dignity, to respect, and to familiar and communitarian cohabitation.

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Statute of Person with Disability

Law n° 13.146/2015

A person with a disability is one who has a long-term mental, intellectual or sensory impairment that may hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others. Every person with a disability is entitled to equal opportunities with others and shall not suffer any discrimination. Furthermore, they shall be protected from all forms of neglect, discrimination, exploitation, violence, torture, cruelty, oppression, and inhuman or degrading treatment.

Racism

Law n° 7.716/1989

Law that defines crimes resulting from prejudice of race or color. Crimes resulting from discrimination or prejudice of race, color, ethnicity, religion or national origin are punished. Article. 5, XLII of the Federal Constitution states that the practice of racism constitutes an imprescriptible, non-bailable crime, subject to imprisonment, in accordance with the law.

Xenophobia

Law n° 9.459/1997

Xenophobia is the fear, aversion, or deep antipathy toward immigrants, the distrust of people who come from outside their country with a different culture, habit, ethnicity, or religion.

Article 1 - Crimes resulting from discrimination or prejudice based on race, color, ethnicity, religion, or national origin will be punished as provided in this Law.

Do your part

